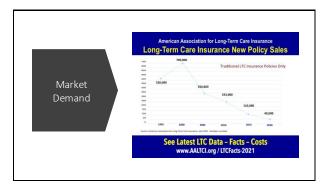




Key Considerations • Why would clients buy? • Why would you offer it? • What is the alternative? American Association for Long-Term Care Insurance A Look At LTG Insurance Persistency 2015 - 2019 96% See Latest LTC Data - Facts - Costs www.AALTC.org / ITCFacts - 2021







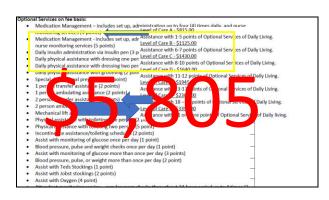
Based on our best estimates, the 2021 reports show

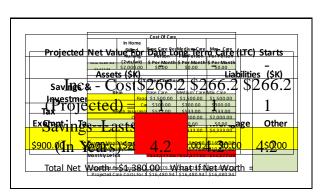
- The Old Age and Survivors Insurance (QAS) Trust Fund, which pays retirement and survivors benefits, will be able to pay scheduled benefits on a limity basis until 203, one year earlier than reported last year. At that time, the fund's reserves will become depleted and continuing tax scores will be sufficient to pay 76 percent of scheduled benefits.
- The Diability Insurance (DI) Trust Fund, which pays disability benefits, will be able to pay scheduled benefits until 2051, 8
 years carlier than in last year's report. At that time, the fund's reserves will become depleted and continuing tax income will
 be sufficient to pay 9) be precent of scheduled benefits.
- The OASI and DI funds are separate entities under law. The report also presents information that combines the reserves of these two funds in order to illustrate the actuarial status of the Social Security program as a whole. The hypothetical combined OASI and DI funds would be able to pay scheduled benefits on a timely basis until 2034, one year earlier than reported last year. At that time, the combined funds' reserves will become depleted and continuing tax income will be sufficient to pay 78 percent of scheduled benefits.
- The Hospital Insurance (HI) Trust Fund, or Medicare Part A, which helps pay for services such as inpatient hospital care, will be able to pay scheduled benefits until 2026, the same year as reported last year. At that time, the fund's reserves will become depited and continuing total program income will be sufficient to pay 91 percent of 101s scheduled benefits.
- The Supplemental Medical Insurance (SMI) Trust Fund has two accounts: Part B, which helps pay for services such as physician and outpatient hospital care, and Part D, which covers prescription drug benefits. SMI is adequately financed into the indefinite future because current law provides financing from general revenues and beneficiary premiums each year to meet the next year's expected costs. Due to these funding provisions and the rapid growth of its costs, SMI will place steadily increasing demands on both taxpayers and beneficiaries.

Emotional & Social Burdens

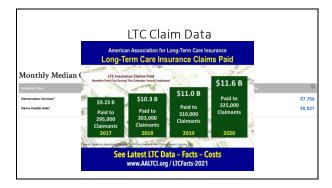
Who wants to tell their story?

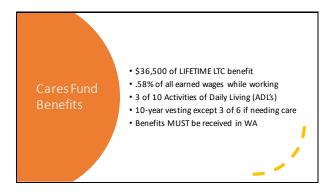


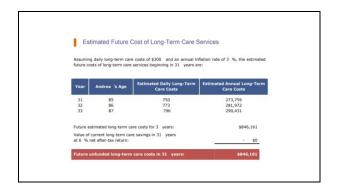


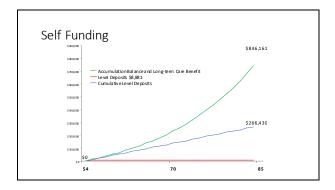


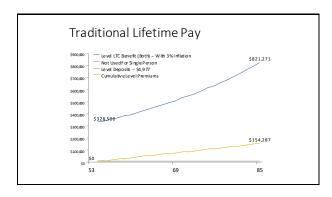
	ased on the proposed regulations, all of the f withholdings; however, may be subject to cl		
0	Salary or hourly wages;	٥	Separation pay including but not limited to,
0	Cash value of goods or services given in the place of money:		severance pay, termination pay, and wages in lieu of notice;
0	Commissions or piecework;	٥	Value of stocks at the time of transfer to the employee if given as part of a compensation
0	Bonuses;		package;
0	Cash value of gifts or prizes;	٥	Compensation for use of specialty equipment, performa
0	Cash value of meals and lodging when given as compensation;		of special duties, or working particular shifts; and
0	Holiday pay, Paid time off, including vacation leave and sick leave, as well as associated cash outs (except for supplemental benefit payments provided the employer):	o by	Stipends / per diems unless provided to cover a past or future cost incurred by the employee as a result of the performance of the employee's expected job functions.

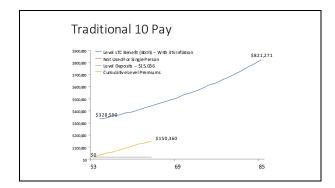


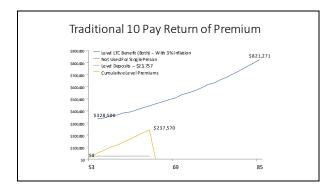












							Benefits Guarar			
							1.00% Interest Ra			
of r	Age	Scheduled Premium	Cash Value	Total Received on Surrender	Net Death Benefit	Total LTC Benefit (Excludes Inflation)	Max Monthly LTC Benefit* (Excludes Inflation)	Max Monthly Inflation Rider Benefit*	Total Monthly Benefit	Total Benefit** (Total LTC Benefit Plus Inflation)
1	66	26,651	14,566	21,321	192,000	384,001	8,000	0	8,000	401,281
2	67	26,651	24,290	42,642	192,000	384,001	8,000	240	8,240	412,801
3	68	26,651	34,379	63,963	192,000	384,001	8,000	480	8,480	424,321
4	69	26,651	44,856	85,284	192,000	384,001	8,000	720	8,720	435,841
5	70	26,651	55,740	106,605	192,000	384,001	8,000	960	8,960	447,361
		133,256								
6	71	26,651	67,049	127,926	192,000	384,001	8,000	1,200	9,200	458,881
7	72	26,651	78,808	149,247	192,000	384,001	8,000	1,440	9,440	470,401
8	73	26,651	91,052	170,568	213,210	384,001	8,000	1,680	9,680	481,921
9	74	26,651	103,830	191,889	239.861	384,001	8,000	1,920	9,920	493,441
10	75	26,651	117,213	213.240	266,513	384,001	8,000	2,160	10,160	504,961
		266,513	4							
п	76	0	120,536	266,513	266,513	384,001	8,000	2,400	10,400	516,481
12	77	0	123,860	266,513	266,513	384,001	8,000	2,640	10,640	528,001
13	78	0	127,182	266,513	266,513	384,001	8,000	2,880	10,880	539,521
14	79	0	130,499	266,513	266,513	384,001	8,000	3,120	11,120	551,041
15	80	0	133,797	266,513	266,513	384,001	8,000	3,360	11,360	562,561
		266,513								



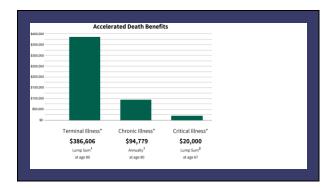
Design Type Two: Life with Chronic, Critical and

Terminal Illness

ANY BENEFIT PAID UNDER THIS RIDER WILL IMPACT THE POLICY. THE POLICY AMOUNT, CASH VALUE AND LOAN VALUE WILL BE REDUCED IF AN ACCELERATED DEATH BENEFIT IS PAID. THE IMPACT ON THE POLICY IS DISCUSSED IN THE IMPACT ON POLICY PROVISION OF THIS RIDER, YOU SHOULD CONTACT YOUR PERSONAL TAX ADVISOR FOR SPECIFIC ADVICE BEFORE EXERCISING ANY RIGHTS UNDER THIS RIDER, PAYMENTS BECEIVED UNDER THIS CHRONIC ILLNESS ACCELERATED DEATH BENEFIT RIDER ARE NOT PART OF A HEALTH, LONG TERM CORN THE PAYMENT BECEON OF A WILLIAM FOR THE NOT PART OF A HEALTH, LONG TERM CASH OF NURSING HOME INSURANCE POLICY AND MAY NOT BE SUPFICIENT TO COVER MEDICAL, NURSING HOME OR OTHER BILLS.

ALL PROVISIONS OF THE POLICY THAT DO NOT CONFLICT WITH THIS RIDER APPLY TO THIS RIDER. WHERE THERE IS ANY CONFLICT BETWEEN THE RIDER PROVISIONS AND THE POLICY PROVISIONS, THE RIDER PROVISIONS PREVIOUS PREVIOUS PROVISIONS PROVISIONS PROVISIONS PROVISIONS PROVIDED PROVISIONS PROVIDED PROVISIONS PROVIDED PROVISIONS PROVIDED PROVISIONS PROVISIONS PROVIDED PROVIDED PROVIDED PROVIDED PROVIDED PROVIDED PROVIDED PROVISIONS PROVIDED PRO

	Account Value	Net Cash Value	Death Benefit
	179,866	167,312	455,828
	171,638	161,410	455,828
		153,971	
	161,876	,	455,828
	150,231	145,116	455,828
	136,293	133,968	455,828
A80	119,484	119,484	455,828





End of Year		Contract	Death	Cash Value	Paid-Up	Insu	ended Term Insurance	
rear	Age	Premium	Benefit	value	Insurance	Years	Days	
1	67	\$26,651.00	\$347,160	\$0.00	\$0	0	0	
2	68	26,651.00	347,160	18,677.21	38,882	4	189	
3	69	26,651.00	347,160	39,590.13	79,847	7	270	
4	70	26,651.00	347,160	61,339.70	119,770	10	35	
5	71	26,651.00	347,160	83,960.65	158,652	11	344	
6	72	26,651.00	347,160	107,511.98	196,840	13	172	
7	73	26,651.00	347,160	132,073.55	234,680	14	308	
8	74	26,651.00	347,160	157,746.03	272,173	16	100	
9	75	26,651.00	347,160	184,682.18	309,667	18	103	
10	76	26,651.00	347,160	213,086.81	347,160	0	(



Total Qualified Care Accelerated Death Benefit payable \$300,000; as Cat. A 5.0% with monthly benefit of \$15,000,000 or Cat. B 2.5% with monthly benefit of \$7,500,00*

Cost for benefit is \$1,293.00 and is included in the annual premium.

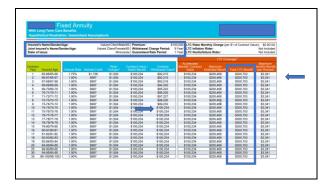
Category A: You are in an assisted living or nursing home facility or receiving home health care regularly

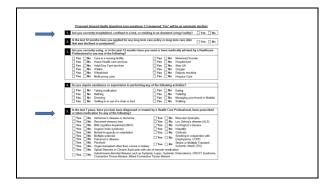
Category B: They're in adult daycare; Dropped off and picked up

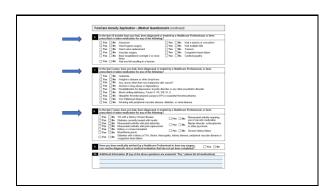
		7702(b)	101(g)	LTC Rider
All values @ A80*				
Death Benefit		\$266,513	\$455,828	\$347,160
LTC Pool Amount		\$562,561	\$109,398	\$300,000
Cash Value	,	\$266,513	\$119,484	\$236,513
Lump Sum Payment Terminal		\$0	\$386,606	\$0
Monthly Payment		\$11,360	\$7,898	\$15,000
Remaining Death Benefit		\$25,000	\$0	\$173,580
*Based on A66 Male. Prefer	red NT. 10	payments of	\$26.651	

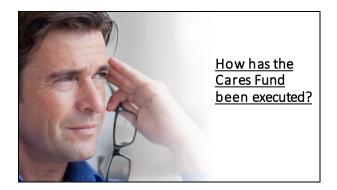
Annuity with LTC Rider

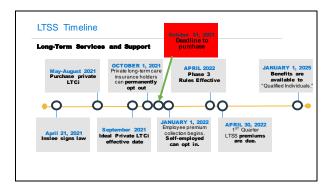
- Client benefits $\,$ 1). Turn \$100k into potentially \$300k of LTC on day one.
 - 2). Allows for single or joint coverage $\,$
 - 3). Simplified underwriting only two pages
 - 4). Guaranteed return of premium after nine years
 - 5). Fixed annuity chassis no medical exams

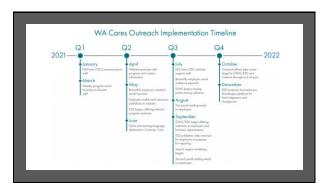




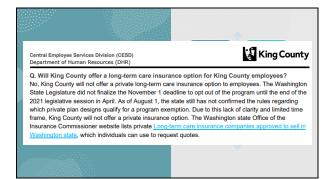


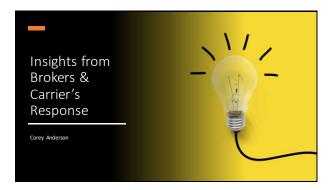


















Considerations

- •What designs are people purchasing?
 - •18-year-olds
 - •60-year-olds
- Carrier persistency
- •Impact on rates?

Conclusions

- •Other states?
- •Timeframe
- •Do we need agents?
- •Changes in future?



Thank You
What's happening in Washington? Could long term care planning be mandated elsewhere? Course# Presenters: Andy Wayt